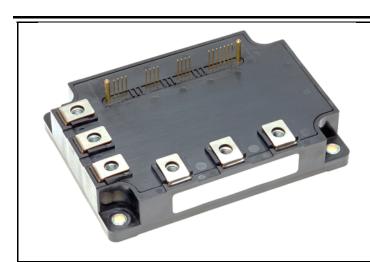


<Intelligent Power Modules>

# PM200RG1C120

FLAT-BASE TYPE INSULATED PACKAGE



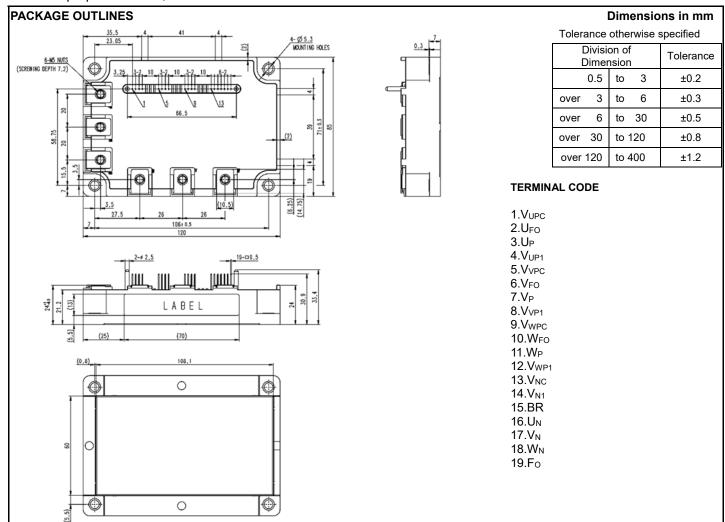
#### **FEATURE**

- a) Adopting Full-Gate CSTBT chip.
- b) The over-temperature protection which detects the chip surface temperature of CSTBT is adopted.
- c) Error output signal is available from each protection upper and lower arm of IPM.
- d) Outputting an error signal corresponding to the abnormal state (error mode identification)

This product is compliant with the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) directive 2011/65/EU.

## **APPLICATION**

General purpose inverter, servo drives and other motor controls



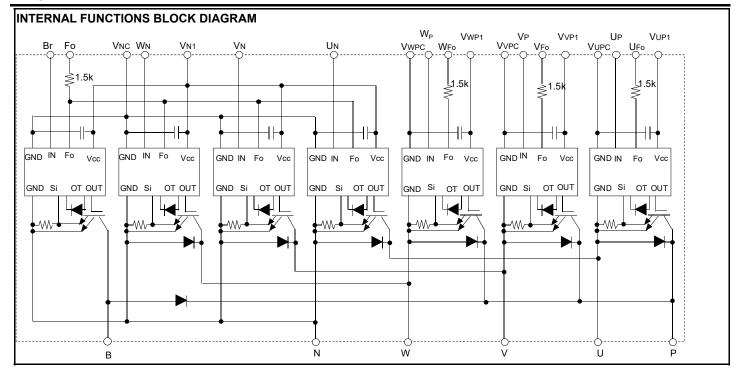
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Publication date: Nov, 2017

# PM200RG1C120

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

**INSULATED TYPE** 



## **MAXIMUM RATINGS** (Tvj = 25°C, unless otherwise noted)

#### **INVERTER PART**

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		IIIVERTER TARG							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit				
I <sub>CRM</sub> Collector Current         Pulse         400           P <sub>tot</sub> Total Power Dissipation         T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C         1250           I <sub>E</sub> Emitter Current         T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C         200           I <sub>ERM</sub> (Free-wheeling Diode Forward current)         Pulse         400	$V_{CES}$	Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, V <sub>CIN</sub> =15 V	1200	V				
$I_{CRM}$ Pulse400 $P_{tot}$ Total Power Dissipation $T_c$ =25 °C1250 $I_E$ Emitter Current $T_c$ =25 °C200 $I_{ERM}$ (Free-wheeling Diode Forward current)Pulse400	Ic	Collector Current	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C	200	^				
I <sub>E</sub> Emitter Current     T <sub>c</sub> =25 °C     200       I <sub>ERM</sub> (Free-wheeling Diode Forward current)     Pulse     400	I <sub>CRM</sub>	Conector Current	Pulse	400	Α				
I <sub>ERM</sub> (Free-wheeling Diode Forward current) Pulse 400	$P_{tot}$	Total Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C	1250	W				
	I <sub>E</sub>	Emitter Current	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C	200	_				
Tvj Junction Temperature -20 ~ +150	I <sub>ERM</sub>	(Free-wheeling Diode Forward current)	Pulse	400	A				
	Tvj	Junction Temperature		-20 ~ +150	°C				

<sup>\*:</sup> Tc measurement point is just under the chip.

#### **BRAKE PART**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
V <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, V <sub>CIN</sub> =15 V	1200	V
Ic	O. H. atam O. was at	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C	100	^
I <sub>CRM</sub>	Collector Current	Pulse	200	A
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C	735	W
V <sub>R(DC)</sub>	Diode Rated Reverse DC Voltage	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C	1200	V
I <sub>F</sub>	Diode Forward Current	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C	100	Α
Tvj	Junction Temperature		-20 ~ +150	°C

<sup>\*:</sup> To measurement point is just under the chip.

# **CONTROL PART**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
$V_D$	Supply Voltage	Applied between: V <sub>UP1</sub> -V <sub>UPC</sub> , V <sub>VP1</sub> -V <sub>VPC</sub> , V <sub>WP1</sub> -V <sub>WPC</sub> , V <sub>N1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub>	20	V
$V_{CIN}$	Input Voltage	Applied between: $U_P$ - $V_{UPC}$ , $V_P$ - $V_{VPC}$ , $W_P$ - $V_{WPC}$ , $U_N$ , $V_N$ , $W_N$ , $W_N$ , $W_N$	20	V
$V_{FO}$	Fault Output Supply Voltage	Applied between: U <sub>FO</sub> -V <sub>UPC</sub> , V <sub>FO</sub> -V <sub>VPC</sub> , W <sub>FO</sub> -V <sub>WPC</sub> , Fo-V <sub>NC</sub>	20	V
I <sub>FO</sub>	Fault Output Current	Sink current at U <sub>FO</sub> , V <sub>FO</sub> , W <sub>FO</sub> , Fo terminals	20	mA

# PM200RG1C120

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

## **TOTAL SYSTEM**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
V <sub>CC(PROT)</sub>	Supply Voltage Protected by SC	V <sub>D</sub> =13.5 V∼16.5 V, Inverter Part, Tvj=+125°C start	800	V
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-	-40 ~ +125	°C
Tc	Operating Case Temperature	-	-20 ~ +125	°C
V <sub>isol</sub>	Isolation Voltage	60Hz, Sinusoidal, Charged part to Base plate, AC 1min, RMS	2500	V

<sup>\*:</sup> Tc measurement point is just under the chip.

#### THERMAL RESISTANCE

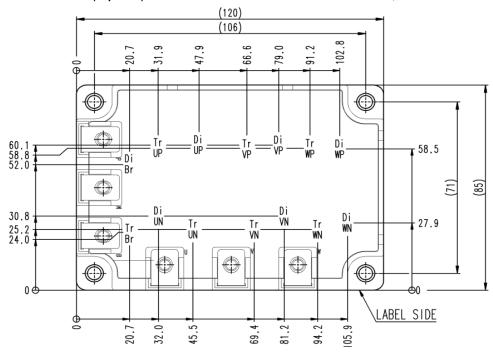
Symbol	Parameter	Constitution -		1.1		
		Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
$R_{th(j-c)Q}$	Thermal Resistance	Inverter, Junction to case, IGBT, per 1 element (Note1)	-	-	0.10	
R <sub>th(j-c)D</sub>		Inverter, Junction to case, FWD, per 1 element (Note1)	-	-	0.15	K/W
$R_{th(j-c)Q}$		Brake, Junction to case, IGBT, per 1 element (Note1)	-	-	0.17	IV/VV
$R_{th(j-c)D}$		Brake, Junction to case, FWD, per 1 element (Note1)	-	-	0.25	
R <sub>th(c-s)</sub>	Contact Thermal Resistance	Case to heat sink, per 1 module,	- 8	8.4	_	K/kW
		Thermal grease applied (Note.1, 2)	_	0.4		TORVV

Note1. If you use this value,  $R_{\text{th(s-a)}}\,\text{should}$  be measured just under the chips.

Note2. Typical value is measured by using thermally conductive grease of  $\lambda$ =0.9W/(m·K),  $D_{\text{(C-S)}}$ =50  $\mu$ m.

#### **CHIP LOCATION (Top view)**

Dimension in mm, torelance: ±1mm



Tr\*\* : IGBT Di\*\* : FWD

# <Intelligent Power Modules>

# PM200RG1C120

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

INSULATED TYPE

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Tvj= 25°C, unless otherwise noted)

## **INVERTER PART**

Cumbal	Parameter	Conditions			Limits			Unit
Symbol	Parameter				Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
		V -45 V I -200 A	T:-25 °C	Terminal	-	-	1.95	
V	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, I <sub>C</sub> =200 A	Tvj=25 °C	Chip	-	1.3	-	V
V <sub>CEsat</sub>	· ·	V <sub>CIN</sub> =0 V, Pulsed, (Fig.1)	Tvj=125 °C	Terminal	-	-	2.2	V
		V <sub>CIN</sub> -0 V, Fuised, (Fig. I)	1 Vj=125 C	Chip	1	1.5	ı	
		V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, I <sub>E</sub> =200 A,	Tvj=25 °C	Terminal	-	-	2.45	V
\/	Emitter-Collector Voltage		1 1 7 23 0	Chip	1	1.75	1	
V <sub>EC</sub>	ŭ	V <sub>CIN</sub> = 15 V, pulsed, (Fig.2) Tvj=125 °C	Tui=105 °C	Terminal	1	-	2.7	
			Chip	1	1.95	ı		
t <sub>on</sub>		V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, V <sub>CIN</sub> =0 V ←→15 V,	-15 V,		0.3	0.6	1.2	
t <sub>rr</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> =600 V, I <sub>C</sub> =200A,		-	0.2	0.4		
$t_{c(on)}$	Switching Time	Tvj=125 °C,		-	0.2	0.4	μs	
t <sub>off</sub>		Inductive Load			-	1.2	2.8	
$t_{c(off)}$		(Fig.3, 4)			-	0.4	1.2	
	Collector-Emitter Cut-off Current	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>CES</sub> , V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, V <sub>CIN</sub> =15 V (Fig.5)		Tvj=25 °C	-	-	1	m A
I <sub>CES</sub>				Tvj=125 °C	-	-	10	mA

#### **BRAKE PART**

Cumhal	Parameter	O and different			Limits			1.1
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Conditions			Тур.	Max.	Unit
		V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, I <sub>C</sub> =100A	Tvj=25 °C	Terminal	-	-	1.85	
.,		VB-13 V, 16-100A	1 1 7 2 5	Chip	-	1.3	-	.,
V <sub>CEsat</sub>	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>CIN</sub> =0 V, Pulsed, (Fig.1)	T.: 405 %	Terminal	-	1	2.1	V
			Tvj=125 °C	Chip	-	1.5	-	
		Tvj=25 °C  Tvj=125 °C  Tvj=125 °C	T: 05 00	Terminal	-	-	2.4	- V
\/	Diode Forward Voltage		1 Vj-25 C	Chip	-	1.75	-	
$V_{FM}$	Diode Forward Voltage		T : 405 00	Terminal	-	-	2.65	
			1 Vj - 125 C	Chip	-	1.95	-	
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-Emitter Cut-off Current	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>CES</sub> , V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, V <sub>CIN</sub> =15 V (Fig.5)		Tvj=25 °C	-	-	1	А
				Tvj=125 °C	-	-	10	mA

# <Intelligent Power Modules>

# PM200RG1C120

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

INSULATED TYPE

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Tvj = 25°C, unless otherwise noted)

#### **CONTROL PART**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Conditions		Limits		
Cynnbol	Parameter	Conditions			Тур.	Max.	Unit
		V -45 V V -45 V	V <sub>P1</sub> -V <sub>PC</sub>	-	4	6	
	Circuit Current	V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, V <sub>CIN</sub> =15 V	V <sub>N1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub>	-	16	24	
I <sub>D</sub>	Circuit Current	V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, V <sub>CIN</sub> =0 V←15 V, V <sub>CC</sub> =800 V	V <sub>P1</sub> -V <sub>PC</sub>	-	54	65	mA
		I <sub>C</sub> =0A, Tvj=125 °C, f <sub>C</sub> ≤20kHz	V <sub>N1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub>	-	192	231	
$V_{th(ON)}$	Input ON Threshold Voltage	Applied between:		1.2	1.5	1.8	V
$V_{th(OFF)}$	Input OFF Threshold Voltage	$U_{P}\text{-}V_{UPC},V_{P}\text{-}V_{VPC},W_{P}\text{-}V_{WPC},U_{N},V_{N},W_{N},$	Br-V <sub>NC</sub>	1.7	2.0	2.3	V
sc	Short Circuit Trip Level	20 <tri>2405 °C V =45 V (Fig. 2. C)</tri>	Inverter	400	-	-	
		-20≤Tvj≤125 °C, V <sub>D</sub> =15 V (Fig.3, 6)	Brake	200	-	-	Α
t <sub>d(SC)</sub>	Short Circuit Current Delay Time	V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, Tvj=125 °C (Fig.3, 6)	V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, Tvj=125 °C (Fig.3, 6)		2.0	-	μs
ОТ	O T.	Detect to many engines of ICDT objections and	Trip level	150	-	-	°C
OT <sub>(hys)</sub>	Over Temperature Protection	Detect temperature of IGBT chip surface	Hysteresis	-	20	-	
UV <sub>t</sub>	Supply Circuit		Trip level	11.0	12.0	12.7	V
UV <sub>r</sub>	Under-Voltage Protection	-	Reset level	-	12.5	-	V
I <sub>FO(H)</sub>				-	-	0.01	
I <sub>FO(L)</sub>	Fault Output Current	V <sub>D</sub> =15 V, V <sub>FO</sub> =15 V (Note3)		-	10	15	- mA
			ОТ	-	8.0	-	
t <sub>FO</sub>	Fault Output Pulse Width	V <sub>D</sub> =15 V (Note3)	UV	-	4.0	-	ms
			sc	-	2.0	-	

Note3. Fault output is given only when the internal SC, OT & UV protections schemes of either upper or lower arm device operate to protect it.

#### **MECHANICAL RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS**

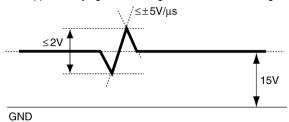
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Unit		
		Conditions		Тур.	Max.	Unit
Ms	Mounting Torque	Mounting part screw : M5	2.5	3.0	3.5	N•m
$M_t$	Mounting Torque	Main terminal part screw : M5	2.5	3.0	3.5	INTIII
m	mass	-	-	425	-	g

#### **RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS FOR USE**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Recommended value	Unit
Vcc	Supply Voltage	Applied across P-N terminals	≤ 800	V
V <sub>D</sub>	Control Supply Voltage	Applied between: V <sub>UP1</sub> -V <sub>UPC</sub> , V <sub>VP1</sub> -V <sub>VPC</sub> , V <sub>WP1</sub> -V <sub>WPC</sub> , V <sub>N1</sub> -V <sub>NC</sub> (Note4)	15.0±1.5	V
V <sub>CIN(ON)</sub>	Input ON Voltage	Applied between :	≤ 0.8	V
V <sub>CIN(OFF)</sub>	Input OFF Voltage	$U_P$ - $V_{UPC}$ , $V_P$ - $V_{VPC}$ , $W_P$ - $V_{WPC}$ , $U_N$ , $V_N$ , $W_N$ , $Br$ - $V_{NC}$	≥ 9.0	\ \
f <sub>PWM</sub>	PWM Input Frequency	Using Application Circuit of Fig. 8	≤ 20	kHz
t <sub>dead</sub>	Arm Shoot-through Blocking Time	For IPM's each input signals (Fig.7)	≥ 2.5	μs

This product is compliant with the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) directive 2011/65/EU.

Note4. With ripple satisfying the following conditions: dv/dt swing ≤ ±5 V/µs, Variation ≤ 2 V peak to peak



#### PRECAUTIONS FOR TESTING

- 1. Before applying any control supply voltage (V<sub>D</sub>), the input terminals should be pulled up by resistors, etc. to their corresponding supply voltage and each input signal should be kept off state.
  - After this, the specified ON and OFF level setting for each input signal should be done.
- 2. When performing "SC" tests, the turn-off surge voltage spike at the corresponding protection operation should not be allowed to rise above V<sub>CES</sub> rating of the device.

(These test should not be done by using a curve tracer or its equivalent.)

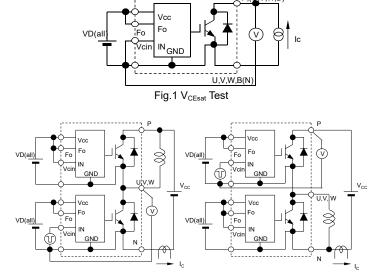
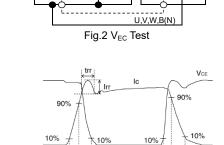


Fig.3 Switching time and SC test circuit



tc(on)

tc(off)

Fig.4 Switching time test waveform

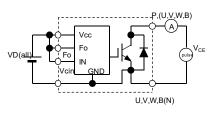


Fig.5 I<sub>CES</sub> Test

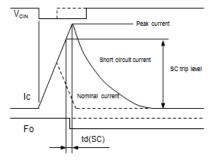
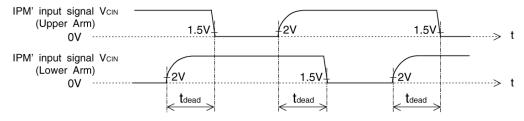


Fig.6 SC test waveform

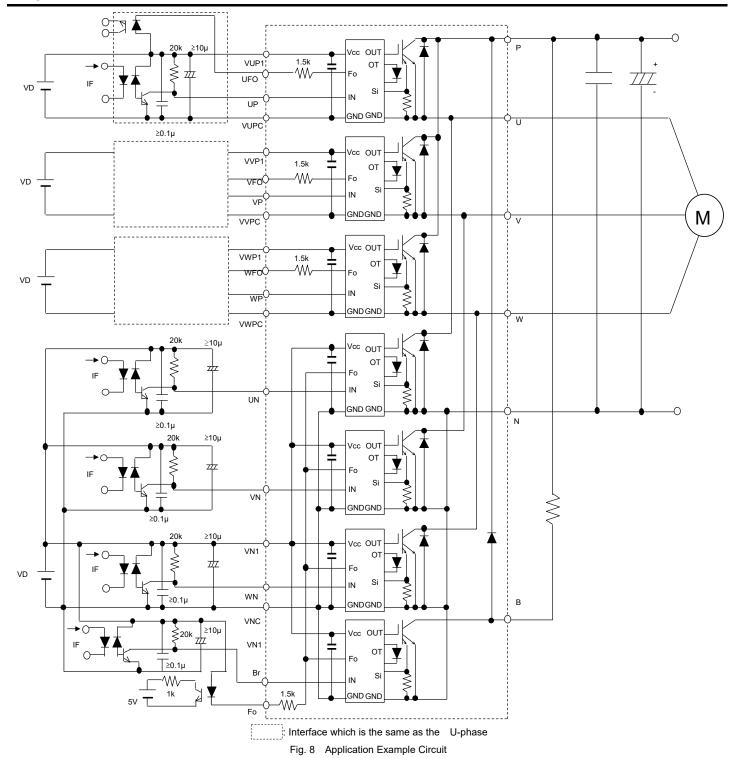


1.5V: Input on threshold voltage Vth(on) typical value, 2V: Input off threshold voltage Vth(off) typical value

Fig. 7 Dead time measurement point example

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

**INSULATED TYPE** 

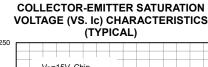


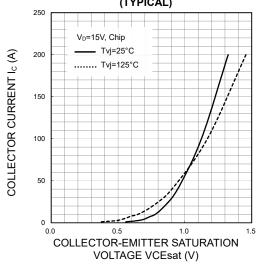
#### NOTES FOR STABLE AND SAFE OPERATION;

- Design the PCB pattern to minimize wiring length between opto-coupler and IPM's input terminal, and also to minimize the stray capacity between the input and output wirings of opto-coupler.
- · Connect low impedance capacitor between the Vcc and GND terminal of each fast switching opto-coupler.
- Fast switching opto-couplers:  $t_{PLH}$ ,  $t_{PHL} \le 0.8 \mu s$ , Use High CMR type.
- Slow switching opto-coupler: CTR > 100% (\*can be applied to Brake part input signal, in this case, resistor should be selected properly).
- Use 4 isolated control power supplies (V<sub>D</sub>). Also, care should be taken to minimize the instantaneous voltage charge of the power supply.
- Make inductance of DC bus line as small as possible, and minimize surge voltage using snubber capacitor between P and N terminal.

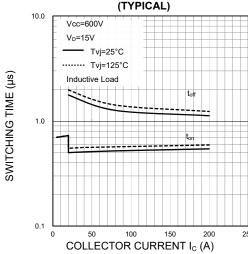
# **INSULATED TYPE**

## **PERFORMANCE CURVES** Inverter part

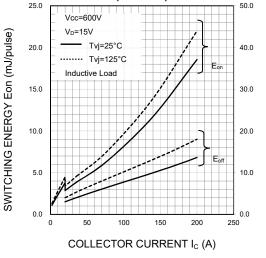




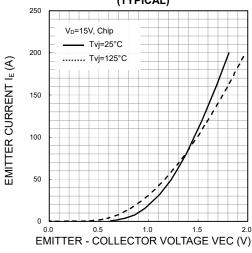
### SWITCHING TIME (ton, toff) CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



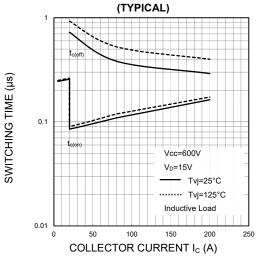
#### **SWITCHING ENERGY CHARACTERISTICS** (TYPICAL)



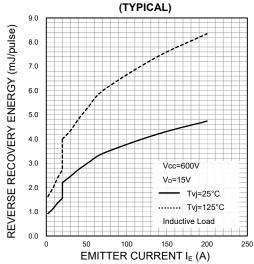
#### FREE WHEELING DIODE FORWARD **CHARACTERISTICS** (TYPICAL)



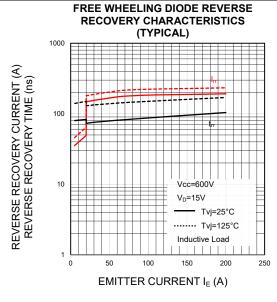
# SWITCHING TIME $(t_{c(on)}, t_{c(off)})$ CHARACTERISTICS

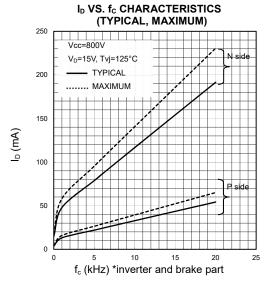


## FREE WHEELING DIODE REVERSE RECOVERY **ENERGY CHARACTERISTICS**

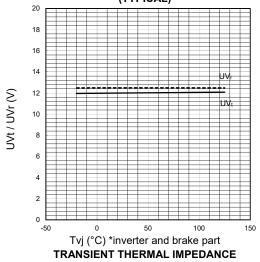


SWITCHING ENERGY Eoff (mJ)

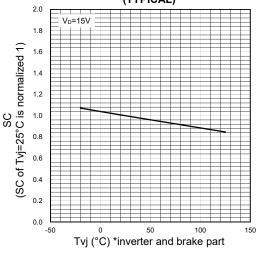




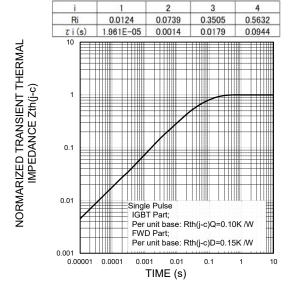
# UV TRIP LEVEL VS. Tvj CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



# SC TRIP LEVEL VS. Tvj CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



#### TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

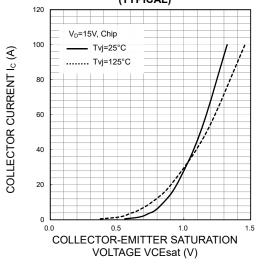


HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

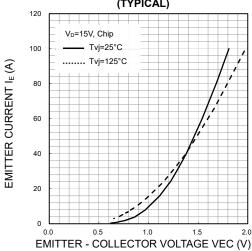
#### INSULATED TYPE

# PERFORMANCE CURVES Brake part

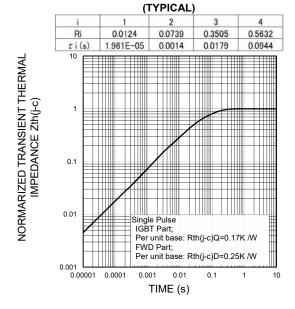
#### COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE (VS. Ic) CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



#### FREE WHEELING DIODE FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



# TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE CHARACTERISTICS



# PM200RG1C120

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

# Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

This product is designed for industrial application purpose. The performance, the quality and support level of the product is guaranteed by "Customer's Std. Spec.".

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